

# Arent Fox

January 26, 2011

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

Ms. Marlene H. Dortch  
Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
445 Twelfth Street, S.W.  
Washington, DC 20554

**Alan G. Fishel**

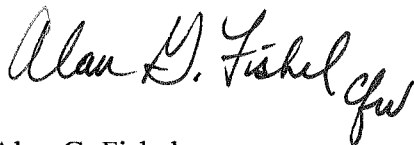
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Re: Ex Parte Communication, WC Docket No. 02-60

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On January 25, 2011, on behalf of the Internet2 Ad Hoc Health Group, the undersigned, and many other individuals, including, but not limited to, those listed in the second attachment, met (either in person or via teleconference) with Trent Harkrader, Jamie Susskind, Erica Myers and Cindy Spiers of the Commission. During the meeting, we spoke about issues set forth in the first attachment.

Respectfully submitted,



Alan G. Fishel

Attachments

The proposed program should be modified to meet the needs of the community. In particular:

1. Consortia of health organizations should be explicitly eligible for all of the Rural Health Programs
2. The eligible entities for the Rural Health Program should be as broad as possible to improve the communication among providers and improve the quality of care
3. Eligible services should include health care providers serving rural and underserved populations irrespective of their geographic location
4. Connectivity between health networks such as state wide Health Information Exchanges should be encouraged if not mandatory
5. Broadband is a community resource. The Rural Health Program has been designed to only invest in the specific health needs of that resource. However, if and when a community can add to the investment being made by the Rural Health Program and expand the value of the resource to the community, then that should be encouraged. Ultimately, this will reduce the overall broadband costs to the health users and the community as a whole. This concept is extraordinarily true in the rural communities of America. For example, In Texas, the Telecommunications Infrastructure Fund was created by House Bill 2128 in Texas. This fund provided up to \$1.5 billion to connect eligible entities in Texas and HB 2128 created a discount structure for K12, Higher Education, Libraries, and Not-for-Profit Healthcare facilities. The Fund and the ongoing discount rate connectivity has increased dramatically in these four "communities" and resulted in significant revenue to the service providers. The proposed changes in the Rural Health program by FCC will stimulate significant "service" revenue in clecs, ilecs, and other service providers.
6. Bandwidth, quality of service and availability are critical factors in the success, acceptance and use of advanced broadband medical applications. As these applications are accepted and extended to providers' offices and small clinics, bandwidth requirements will expand like AT&T's traffic with the advent of the iPhone.
7. If a broadband service is not affordable, it is unavailable. The Rural Health program must ensure that broadband is available to improve patient care and the existence of broadband is not a sufficient measure of availability.
8. The Rural Health Program should be consistent with other Federal Networking programs and allow the required 15% match to come from 'in-

kind' sources

9. Rural health providers who attain 'Meaningful Use' should be rewarded with additional subsidies rather than penalizing providers who do not attain that status
10. Allowing expenses such as administrative and maintenance costs are positive steps. The Commission is encouraged to carefully and judiciously identify ineligible costs. Costs such as a network help desk and conditioned and continuous power are critical to the success of the Rural Health Program
11. The administrative processes should be completely overhauled to encourage rather than discourage the use of the program
12. Caps and limits on the number of programs per year are arbitrary and may cause the exclusion of some programs that would provide the most benefit
13. Participation in health networks is dynamic and the FCC/USAC process should accept, facilitate and support these changes rather than making them into significant overhead burdens on the Rural Health participants
14. Sustainability should be measured in the form of a business or financial plan rather than by individual commitments by institutions
15. The use of operating leases to obtain needed telecommunications services should not be prohibited when such leases are of sufficient duration and can be shown to lead to enduring improvements in the telecommunications infrastructure during or after their term expires. Capital leases and ownership of IRUs should also be permitted.

## Call Attendees

1. Eric Brown  
President and CEO  
California Telehealth Network
2. Kimberly Cummins  
Assistant Project Coordinator  
Western New York Rural Area Health Education Center
3. Larry Flourney  
Academy  
Texas A&M University
4. Debby Farreau  
Program Director  
Colorado Telehealth Network
5. Kevin Groskreutz  
Regional Director Information Systems  
Hospital Sisters Health System – Western Wisconsin Division
6. Dave Kirby  
Project Lead  
NC TeleHealth
7. Denise A. Jurca, MBA, PMP  
Consultant  
California Telehealth Network (CTN)
8. Michael R. Lardiere, LCSW  
Director, Health Information Technology  
Sr. Advisor, Behavioral Health  
National Association of Community Health Centers
9. Harry Levins, PMP  
Project Manager  
Michigan Public Health Institute
10. Rebecca Madison  
Previous Employer: Alaska eHealth Network  
Current Employer: Self
11. E. Rachel Mutrux  
Director, Missouri Telehealth Network  
Operations Director, Missouri Health Information Technology Assistance Center

University of Missouri

12. Michael McGill  
Health Sciences  
Internet2
13. Vanessa McLaughlin  
CEO  
EdithForge  
Telemedicine Business Consulting
14. Lakshmi Pakala  
Business Development Manager  
Juniper Networks
15. Bill Price  
Department of Management Services  
The State of Florida
16. Tom Reid  
President  
Reid Consulting Group LLC
17. Christopher B. Sullivan, Ph.D. □  
Administrator □ Office of Health Information Technology □  
Florida Center for Health Information and Policy Analysis □  
Agency for Health Care Administration
18. Michael Sullivan, MD  
Health Sciences  
Internet2
19. Steve Ward  
Executive Director  
Colorado Telehealth Network